

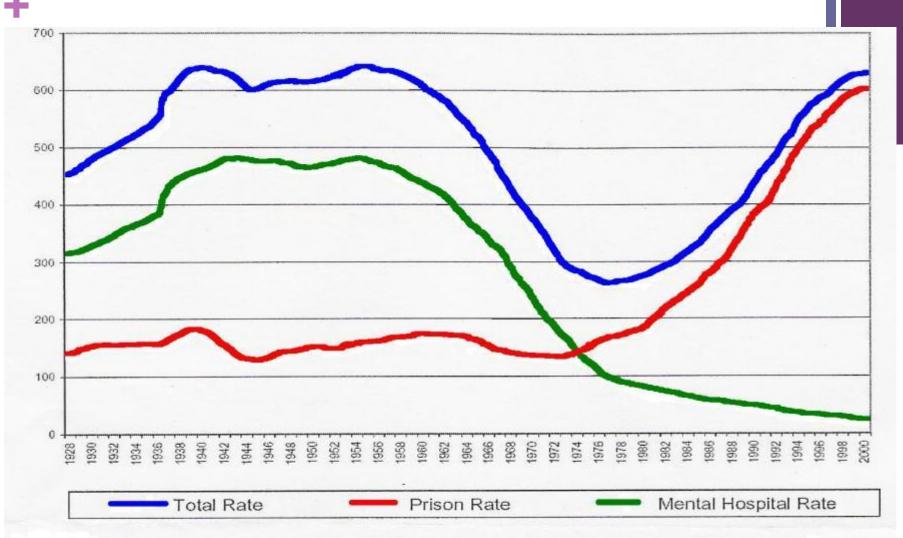
THOMAS JEFFERSON AREA CRISIS INTERVENTION TEAM

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WHY CIT??? HOW SUCCESSFUL IS CIT??



Institutionalization in the United States, 1928-2000 (per 100,000 adults)*

Mental Health Bed Loss In The Last 15-20 Years

- Charter Hospital 36
- Culpeper Pine **19**
- Western State 100
- Charter Westbrook **60**
- UVA-Rucker 3 **20**
- Total Loss = -235 Beds



REGIONAL JAIL	RATED CAPACITY	CURRENT COUNT	OPERATING AT
Central Virginia	242	400	165%
Albemarle Charlottesville	329	530	161%

Estimated Number of Inmates with Mental Illness in Our Local Prison Systems

Regional Jail	Current Count	Number of Inmates with Mental Illness(17-18%)
Central Virginia	400	68 - 72
Albemarle- Charlottesville	530	90 - 95



Costs of Jails and Prison

Virginia Taxpayers Dollars

Prison -- State

■ \$23,000 per year per inmate

projecting the building of four new prisons by 2013 at \$100

million each

Jail -- Local

- \$67.00 per day –ACRJ
 - Operating at 161% capacity
- \$47.00 per day -CVRJ
 - Operating at 165% capacity



The Need for CIT

- There are 400 to 500 offenders with mental illness in Charlottesville/Albemarle area
- 3,200 to 3,500 people in Virginia jails on any given day have a mental illness -(Virginia Department of Correction)
- Inmates with mental illness regularly experience recidivism rates above 70 percent -(National Institute of Corrections)
- Incarceration of offenders with mental illness often exacerbates the problem for two reasons
 - 1.) Predatory inmates mistreat and take advantage of inmates with mental illness.
 - 2.) As with anyone who is taken advantage of, the experience is likely to cause a person with mental illness to increase symptoms, usually leading to an extended period of incarceration and added criminal charges.

 -Consensus Project Report
- 1/3 of our regional state psychiatric hospital's (Western State Hospital) released forensic admissions are rearrested.

US Military Veterans

Veterans account for 21-25 % of all suicides in the US

VHA Undersecretary for Health Information Letter, December 11, 2009 and CDC National Violent DeatA Reporting System

Overall suicide rate for soldiers in 2006 was 17.3 per 100,000 soldiers

-US. Army

Overall suicide rate for citizens of US in 2005 was 11.05 per 100,000 citizens

-CDC



Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

Symptoms include reliving the event, avoiding situations related to the event, feeling number, hyperarousal, feelings of shame and despair, depression, rage, physical symptoms

The rate of diagnosable 5





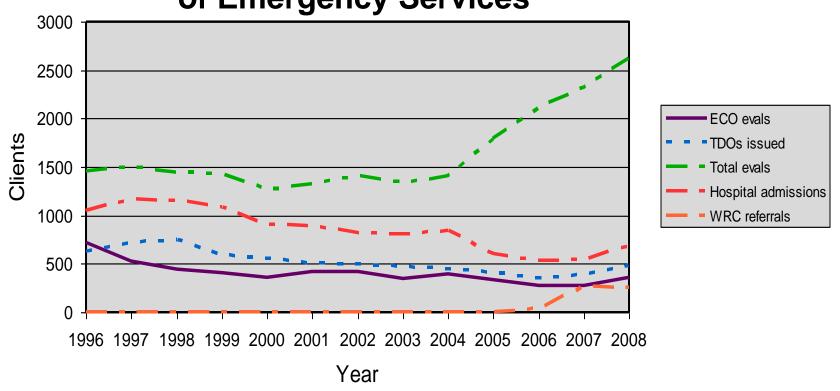


New York Times, Department of Veterans Affairs

Region 10 CSB

Covering Charlottesville, Albemarle, Green, Nelson, Louisa, and Fluvan

Trends in the Department of Emergency Services







An exemplary pre-booking jail diversion program for the mentally ill.

A process of addressing system change for crisis care within a community as a whole.

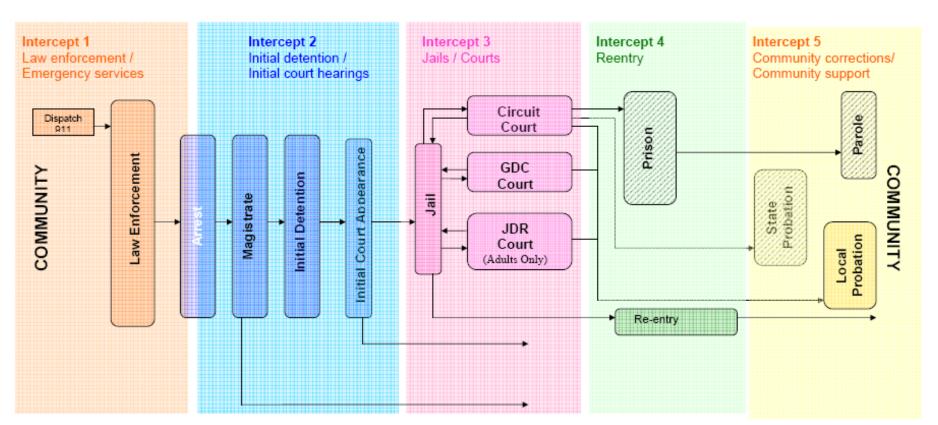
About responsibility to the community, family members, and consumers of mental health services.

More than a training program for selected police officers. CIT is a mindset!

* Sequential Intercept Model: Virginia

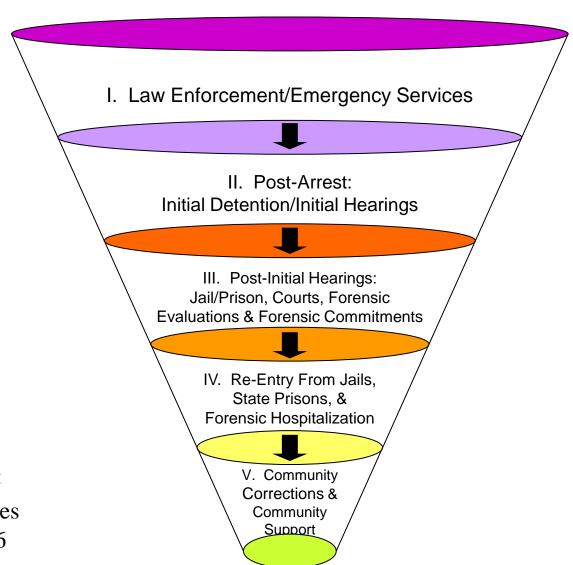
ACTION: Sequential Intercepts for Change: Virginia Criminal Justice - Mental Health Partnerships

10/2008



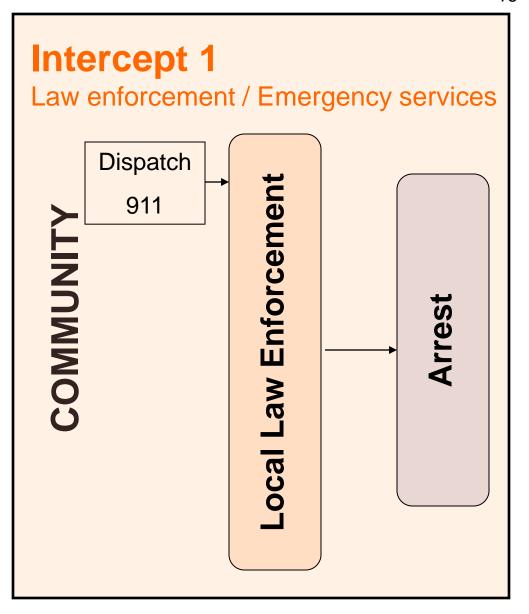
Sequential Intercepts

Best Clinical Practices: The Ultimate Intercept



Munetz & Griffin: Psychiatric Services 57: 544–549, 2006

Pre-booking Jail Diversion



VISION

- **Safety** for the Officer,
- Safety for the Community
- ■Safety for the Person in Crisis



MISSION

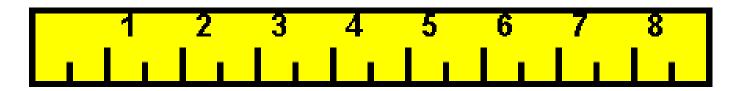


CIT is designed to educate and prepare law enforcement officers who come into contact with people in crisis, to recognize the signs and symptoms of mental illness and to respond effectively and appropriately to the individual.





What gets MEASURED is what gets DONE



If you can't MEASURE it you can't MANAGE it

- Objective: Reduce officer injuries due to mental health crisis calls.
- Outcome: Over four years (2008-2011) there were over 5,000 mental health crisis calls with NOT a single documented officer injury (Charlottesville, Albemarle, UVA).

- Objective: Reduce time that officers spend on mental health related calls.
- Outcome: Reduced officer ECO / TD time from an average of 4 to 6 hours per call to an average of 52 minutes (from time of dispatch to the time of releasing custody of patient at UVA hospital ER with Custody Exchange MOA with UVA Police Department).



- Objective: Based on the Virginia CIT Model, train a minimum of 25% of patrol officers within each law enforcement department to be trained in CIT.
- Outcomes: Over 70% of all police officers (Charlottesville, Albemarle, UVA) instructed in 40-Hour Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) accredited trainings.

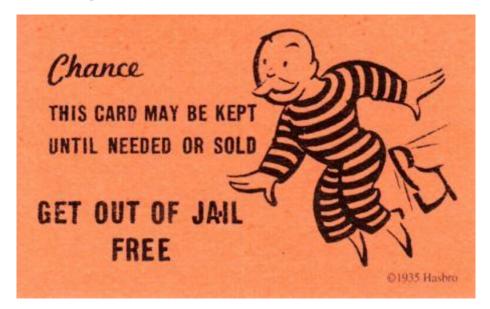
OUTCOMES (Continued)

- ■Over **30%** of county sheriff deputies within 8 of the 9 rural counties trained in the Thomas Jefferson Area CIT region.
- ■100% of Emergency Dispatchers instructed within 8 of the 9 localities in the TJA-CIT area in 4-Hour Cl Training (currently increased to 8 hour trainings).
- ■Trained over **600** officers within TJA-CIT area and throughout Virginia.



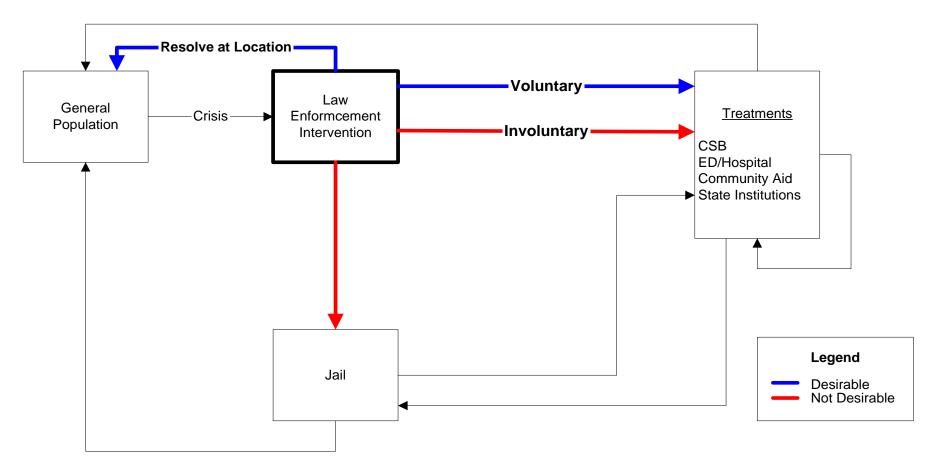
⁺ OBJECTIVES & OUTCOMES

Keep many individuals with mental illness out of the criminal justice system (when safe and appropriate).





Crisis Intervention System

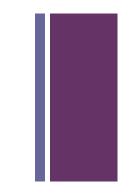


+ Four Outcomes for Officers Responding to Mental Health Crisis Calls



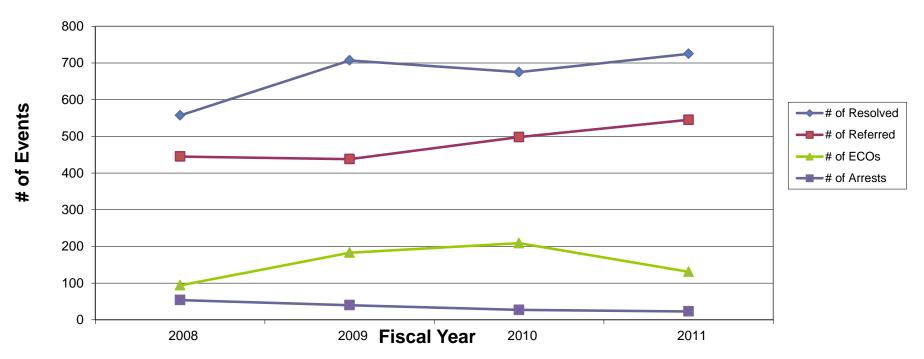


OBJECTIVES & OUTCOMES



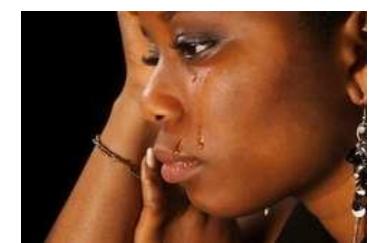
4 Years of 911 Mental Health Crisis Calls

Combination of CIT Statistics



OBJECTIVES & OUTCOMES

Objective: CIT Taskforce is to design and implement written protocols that govern the agencies' interactions in working with people experiencing acute episodes of mental illness in situations in which law enforcement has intervened.





- **■**Created Memorandum of Agreement (MOA)
- Contracted with UVA Police Department establishing a Regional CIT Custody Exchange Program to enhance the handling of ECO patients at the University of Virginia Emergency Department (UVA ED) for evaluation. Five localities signed the TJA-CIT MOA for FY2013.



- Developed Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)
- With Law Enforcement Departments for improved communications between Officers, Emergency Dispatchers, local Hospitals and Region Ten CSB with responding and transporting to ECO/TDO Crisis Calls.

OBJECTIVES & OUTCOMES

Initiated Monthly CIT Review Team Meetings

Where representatives from local law enforcement agencies (Police, Jail, 911, Probation) meet with community agencies (Hospitals, Mental Health Agencies, Wounded Warrior Program) to proactively review critical mental health cases and develop support and accountability plans to reduce incarceration and recidivism.



CIT Monthly Team

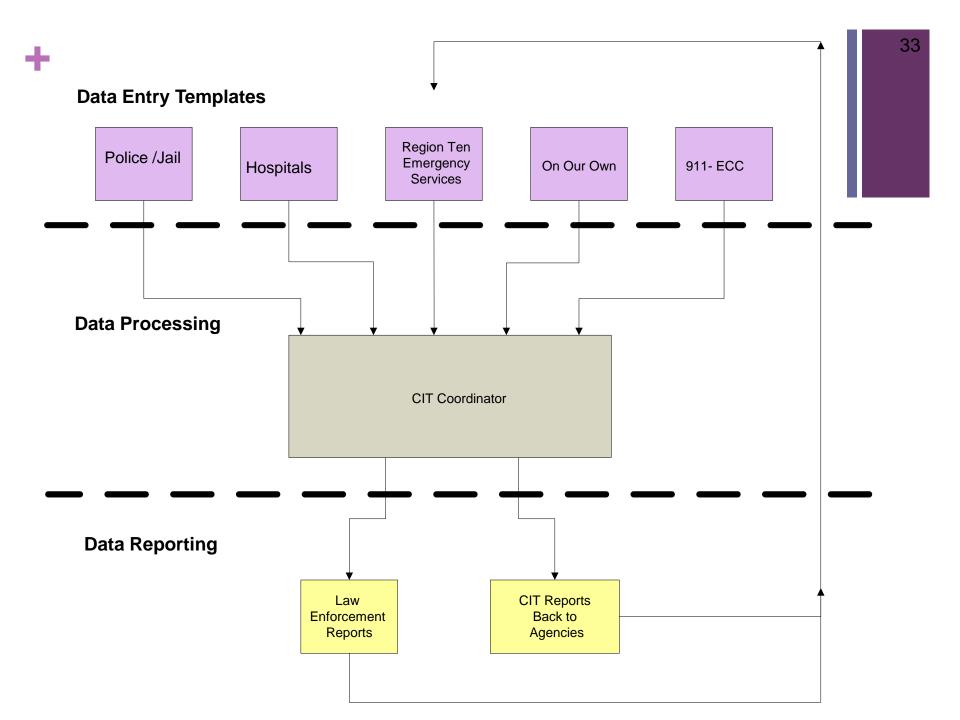
Partner Identification

Law Enforcement

- Officers
- Magistrates
- Probation
- Mental Heath Agencies
 - Emergency Services
 - Mental Health Advocates
 - Peer Consumer Specialist
- Hospitals
 - Doctors, Nurses, Psych Dept.

- Dispatchers(911)
- Jail staff

-VA Wounded Warrior



ECO Stats (2008 to 2011)

Statistic	Average
Time in Custody	2:56 Hours
Originating Officer Time	0:52 Minutes
ER Custody	2:15 Hours
MH Evaluator Delay	0:53 Minutes
Percent Not TDO	50%
Percent by CIT Officer	40%
Percent ER Diversion Room Used	21%

DIRECT QUOTES ABOUT CIT

- ■CIT is still the most sought after training provided locally "
 —Chief Mike Gibson, University of Virginia Police Department
- ■The CIT training was one of the very best training sessions that has been given to me in my 28 years as a police officer"

—Chief Tim Longo, Charlottesville Police Department







Timothy S. Long Sr.

DIRECT QUOTES ABOUT CIT

■ "In the law enforcement community the Jail is the biggest benefactor of the CIT Program"

—Col. Ronald Matthews Charlottesville-Albemarle Regional Jail

■ "There is no doubt in my mind that CIT training results in less instances of deadly use of force. I highly recommend that police administrators make this training mandatory for all of their officers" —Col. Steve Sellers, Albemarle County Police Department





[†]DIRECT QUOTES ABOUT CIT

■ "Mutual respect, collaboration, and planning between law enforcement and Region Ten has never been better. CIT works!" —Buzz Barnet, LCSW, Emergency Services Director Region Ten CSB.





- ■"NAMI applauds CIT and all their efforts to help those in crisis!"
 - Sally Rinehart, President, National N



*WHAT CIT IS NOT.....

- Active Shooter
 - -Virginia Tech
 - -Columbine High School
- Situations where your personal safety / community safety is endangered

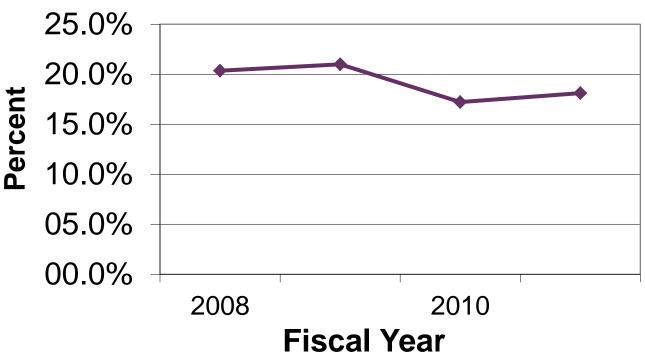
■ <u>IMPORTANT</u>: Follow your department's protocols on officer safety

Receiving Facility

- Accept All Patients (Regardless of Clinical Status)
- □ 15 Minute Officer Turnaround (Police as Customer)
- □ Appropriate Facility (re: Level of Acuity)
- □ Evaluations 2 to 6 hours (Up to 24 hours)
- Medical Examination
- Complete Mental Status Examination
- □ Wide-Ranging Disposition Options

+ Emergency Room Usage for **ECOs**

UVA Emergency Department: Percent of Time that Rooms 46/47 were used for ECOs









Stigma of mental illness

- Mentally ill persons denied participation in family life, social networks, and productive employment
- Stigma has detrimental effect on mentally ill person's recovery and level of self-acceptance
- Rejection of people with mental illness affects family and caretakers
- Major causes of stigma are myths, misconceptions and negative stereotypes of people in community